Linear momentum

Variation of momentum. The time variation of momentum of a system is equal with the total external force applied on the system

One body.
$$\frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = \vec{F} \ (2^{\text{nd}} \text{ law})$$

 $n \text{ bodies. } \vec{P} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \vec{p}_{i} \cdot \frac{d\vec{P}}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{d\vec{p}_{i}}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \vec{F}_{i} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\vec{F}_{i} + \vec{F}_{iext}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \vec{F}_{i}$ (D12) (using the 3rd law).

Definition: Center of mass. A point in the position

$$\vec{R} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} m_{i} \vec{r}_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} m_{i}}$$
 (D13)

with mass

$$M = \sum_{i=1}^{n} m_i . (D14)$$

What is its velocity? Show that the momentum is zero in the CM frame.